

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (BREAST)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>		<b>Consent Form</b>
<b>Structured Oral</b>	<b>Communication Skills</b>		<b>Electronic File Name:</b>
<b>Question Originator</b>			
<b>Quality Assuror</b>			
<b>Question Contributors</b>			

ISCP Curriculum

<b>1. Key Topics</b>	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
<b>BREAST ASSESSMENT</b>	
<b>Breast assessment</b>	
Cytology	2.1
Extended assessment	2.2
Obtaining histology	2.3
Imaging	2.4
Management	2.5
Triple assessment	2.6
<b>Breast and endocrine physiology</b>	
Endogenous hormones	3.1
Exogenous hormones	3.2
<b>BENIGN BREAST CONDITIONS</b>	
Benign disorders	4.1
Breast pain	4.2
Breast sepsis - lactational	4.3
Breast sepsis - non-lactational	4.4
Gynaecomastia	4.5
Skin conditions eg eczema	4.6
<b>BREAST CANCER</b>	
<b>Breast service delivery and QA</b>	5.1
<b>Cancer staging</b>	5.2
<b>Genetics of breast cancer</b>	5.3
<b>Invasive breast cancer</b>	
Cancer Biology	6.1
Epidemiology	6.2
Staging	6.3
Taxonomy	6.4
<b>Management / treatment</b>	
Adjuvant chemotherapy - principles and indications	7.1
Endocrine therapies	7.2
Herceptin	7.3
Indications for breast conservation / mastectomy	7.4
Indications for radiotherapy	7.5
Neoadjuvant therapies including primary medical therapy	7.6
Risks and benefits of treatment/ no treatment	7.7
<b>Multidisciplinary Teams</b>	7.8
<b>Pathology of in-situ breast cancer</b>	7.9
<b>Prognostic factors</b>	
Chief prognostic factors	8.1
Relevance to treatment	8.2
<b>Risk assessment/genetic testing/counselling</b>	
Advice, diet, lifestyle, screening, risk reduction surgery	9.1
<b>Risk lesions</b>	
LCIS, ADH	10.1
<b>Screening</b>	11.1
<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>	
Pathology	12.1

Anatomy	12.2
Embryology / developmental abnormalities	12.3
<b>Management plan</b>	
Develop & Record plan	13.1
Communication/informed consent	13.2
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
<b>Augmentation</b>	14.1
<b>Axillary surgery</b>	15.1
Axillary clearance completion (delayed)	15.2
Axillary clearance Primary Level 1 - 3	15.3
Axillary surgery - repeat (recurrence)	15.4
Lymph node biopsy	15.5
Removal axillary breast tissue/nipple	15.6
Sentinel node biopsy	15.7
SLNB (blue dye only)	15.8
SLNB (dual technique)	15.9
<b>Breast lump excision</b>	15.10
<b>Breast Aesthetic</b>	
Breast dimensions	16.1
Mastopexy	16.2
Reduction mammoplasty	16.3
<b>Complex wound management</b>	17.1
<b>Core Biopsy</b>	
Clinical	18.1
Image guided	18.2
<b>Developmental corrections</b>	
Hypoplasia	19.1
<b>Drainage of breast abscess</b>	
Image guided	20.1
Open	20.2
<b>Excision image guided lesion</b>	21.1
<b>Fine needle aspiration</b>	22.1
Cytology; cyst/abscess drainage	22.2
Image guided	22.3
<b>Fistulectomy</b>	23.1
<b>Gynaecomastia</b>	
Tubular breast	24.1
<b>Lipomodelling</b>	25.1
<b>Liposuction</b>	
Mammotome/encore system	26.1
<b>Major duct excision</b>	27.1
<b>Mastectomy</b>	
Modified radical	28.1
Simple	28.2
Skin reducing	28.3
Skin sparing - nipple preserving	28.4
Skin sparing - nipple sacrificed	28.5
<b>Mastopexy</b>	29.1
<b>Microdochetomy</b>	30.1
<b>New techniques</b>	31.1
<b>Nipple areolar complex</b>	
Nipple free graft	32.1
<i>local flap</i>	32.2
Nipple reconstruction	32.3
<i>Nipple sharing</i>	32.4

<i>Nipple tattoo</i>	32.5
<i>Skin graft</i>	32.6
<b>Nipple eversion</b>	33.1
<b>Oncoplastic techniques</b>	
Grisotti	34.1
Round block	34.2
Symmetrisation surgery	34.3
Therapeutic mammoplasty	34.4
<b>Punch biopsy</b>	35.1
<b>Reduction mammoplasty</b>	36.1
<b>Reduction mammoplasty</b>	37.1
<b>Reconstructive surgery</b>	
DIEP flap	38.1
Implant only - variations	38.2
Indications	38.3
Latissimus dorsi flap - autologous	38.4
Latissimus dorsi flap + implant	38.5
Other flaps	38.6
TRAM flap free	38.7
TRAM flap pedicled	38.8
<b>Salvage surgery</b>	
VAC dressings	39.1
<b>Skin grafting</b>	
Chest wall resurfacing	40.1
<b>Symmetrisation surgery</b>	
Augmentation	41.1
Mastopexy	41.2
Reduction mammoplasty	41.3
<b>Vacuum excision</b>	42.1
<b>Wide local excision</b>	
Grisotti flap	43.1
impalpable - localised - wire/skin mark etc	43.2
Palpable lesion	43.3
Re-coning	43.4
Round block (Benelli)	43.5
Therapeutic mammoplasty - various pedicles/incisions	43.6

2. Professional Behaviour & Leadership	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
History and examination	10
Infection control	11
Leadership	12
Legal framework for medical practise	13
Management and NHS structure	14
Medical consent	15
Medical error	16
Medical ethics and confidentiality	17
Patient as focus of care	18
Patient safety	19
Personal development	20
Promoting good health	21
Quality and safety improvement	22
Safe prescribing	23
Self awareness	24
Teaching skills	25
Team working	26
Time management and decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

specialties	
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INSTRUCTIONS:
Section 1: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected. If <b>PBLNSS</b> is selected then one or multiple ticks <b>MUST</b> be selected in Section 2.
KNOWLEDGE: Multiple boxes can be selected
CLINICAL SKILLS: Multiple boxes can be selected (if applicable)
TECHNICAL SKILLS: Multiple boxes can be selected
Section 2: Multiple boxes can be selected
Section 3: Multiple boxes can be selected
Section 4: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected
Section 5: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected
Section 6: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected

3. Type of question	
<b>Basic Sciences</b>	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Research & statistics	18
Staging	19
Not elsewhere classified	20

4. ISCP Domains	
Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
Professional	4

5. Bloom's Taxonomy	
Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

6. Area of Interest	
Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all	3

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (COLORECTAL)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>		<b>Consent Form</b>
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ISCP Curriculum

1. Key Topics					
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1	Complications	8.7	Total colectomy	10.29
		Disease severity scoring	8.8	Transanal microsurgery	10.30
<b>Benign Anorectal</b>		Epidemiology	8.9	Transanal resection	10.31
Abscess and fistula	2.1	Genetics	8.10	<b>2. Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership</b>	
Anal fissure	2.2	Histology	8.11	Acting with integrity	1
Anal Stenosis	2.3	Immunocompromised patients	8.12	Assessment of teaching	2
Haemorrhoids	2.4	Indications for treatment	8.13	Audit	3
Hidradenitis Suppurativa	2.5	Local therapy	8.14	Breaking bad news	4
Pilonidal Disease	2.6	Microbiology	8.15	Clinical reasoning	5
pruritis Ani	2.7	Neoadjuvant therapy	8.16	Communicate with patients	6
Sexually Transmitted Disease	2.8	Pain management	8.17	Communication with colleagues	7
<b>Benign Colorectal</b>		Palliative care	8.18	Ethical research	8
Anal Trauma	3.1	Patterns of recurrence	8.19	Evidence and guidelines	9
Colon Trauma	3.2	Pelvic floor disorders	8.20	History and examination	10
Diverticular Disease	3.3	Pharmacology	8.21	Infection control	11
Endometriosis	3.4	Prognostic factors	8.22	Leadership	12
Foreign Bodies	3.5	Rare ano-rectal tumours	8.23	Legal framework for medical practise	13
Massive Lower GI Bleeding	3.6	Staging	8.24	Management and NHS structure	14
Rectal Bleeding	3.7	Stoma care	8.25	Medical consent	15
Rectal Trauma	3.8	<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>		Medical error	16
Vascular Malformations	3.9	Ano-rectal physiology	9.1	Medical ethics and confidentiality	17
Volvulus	3.10	Assessment	9.2	Patient as focus of care	18
<b>Colorectal Neoplasia</b>		Biofeedback	9.3	Patient safety	19
Anal Canal Neoplasia	4.1	Diagnosis	9.4	Personal development	20
Anal Neoplasia	4.2	Investigations	9.5	Promoting good health	21
Colon neoplasia / cancer	4.3	Medical Management	9.6	Quality and safety improvement	22
Metachronous colorectal cancer	4.4	Perioperative care	9.7	Safe prescribing	23
Miscellaneous malignant conditions	4.5	Selection for surgery	9.8	Self awareness	24
Presacral Lesions	4.6	Surveillance post treatment	9.9	Teaching skills	25
Rectal Cancer	4.7	<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>		Team working	26
Recurrent colorectal cancer	4.8	Abdominal rectopexy	10.1	Time management and decision making	27
<b>Functional Bowel Disorders</b>		Anal advancement flap	10.2	Training skills	28
Chronic rectal pain syndrome	5.1	Anal Sphincter repair	10.3	Not applicable	29
Constipation including pseudo-obstruction	5.2	Anterior resection	10.4	<b>3. Type of question</b>	
Faecal Incontinence	5.3	AP resection	10.5	<b>Basic Sciences</b>	
Irritable Bowel Syndrome	5.4	Colectomy - left	10.6	Anatomy	1
Rectal Prolapse	5.5	Colectomy - right	10.7	Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Solitary Rectal Ulcer	5.6	Colonoscopy - diagnostic/therapeutic	10.8	Embryology	3
<b>Inflammatory Bowel Disease</b>		Excision of anal tags/warts	10.9	Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Crohn's Disease	6.1	Flexible sigmoidoscopy	10.10	Guidelines	5
Infectious Colitis	6.2	Ileo-anal pouch formation	10.11	Imaging	6
Inflammatory Bowel Disease in general	6.3	Ileostomy	10.12	Immunology	7
Ischaemic Colitis	6.4	Internal sphincterotomy	10.13	Materials & Technology	8
Miscellaneous Colitides	6.5	Intestinal fistula surgery	10.14	Microbiology	9
Radiation Colitis	6.6	OP haemorrhoidectomy	10.15	Nutrition	10
Ulcerative Colitis	6.7	Operations for anal fistula	10.16	Pathology	11
<b>Stomas</b>		Operations for pilonidal disease	10.17	Patient assessment	12
Stomas	7.1	Operative haemorrhoidectomy	10.18	Patient management	13
<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>		Parastomal hernia repair	10.19	Pharmacology	14
Adjuvant therapy	8.1	Perineal repair	10.20	Physiology	15
Aetiology	8.2	Posterior approach to rectum	10.21	Professional skills	16
Anatomy	8.3	Rectopexy + sigmoid resection	10.22	Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Carcinogenesis	8.4	Reoperative surgery	10.23	Research & statistics	18
Carcinoid	8.5	Rigid sigmoidoscopy	10.24	Staging	19
Classification	8.6	Sigmoid Colectomy	10.25	Not elsewhere classified	20
		Strictureplasty	10.26		
		TME	10.28		

4. ISCP Domains	
Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
Professional	4

5. Bloom's Taxonomy	
Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

6. Area of Interest	
Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3

INSTRUCTIONS:
<p><b>Section 1:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected. If <b>PBLNSS</b> is selected then one or multiple ticks <b>MUST</b> be selected in Section 2.</p> <p><b>Section 2:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected  <b>KNOWLEDGE;</b> Multiple boxes can be selected  <b>CLINICAL SKILLS;</b> Multiple boxes can be selected  <b>TECHNICAL SKILLS;</b> Multiple boxes can be selected</p> <p><b>Section 3:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected  <b>Section 4:</b> Only ONE box to be selected  <b>Section 5:</b> Only ONE box to be selected  <b>Section 6:</b> Only ONE box to be selected</p>

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (ENDOCRINE)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>		<b>Consent Form</b>
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ISCP Curriculum

<b>1. Key Topics</b>	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- speciality specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
<b>ADRENAL</b>	
Anatomy and physiology of adrenal	2.1
Genetic implications of adrenal disease	2.2
Causes of adrenal mass	2.3
Disorders of function of adrenal cortex	2.4
Disorders of function of adrenal medulla	2.5
Paraganglioma	2.6
Indications for surgery	2.7
Peri operative management of functioning adrenal tumours	2.8
Surgical approaches for adrenalectomy (including paraganglioma)	2.9
Complications of adrenalectomy	2.10
<b>MULTIPLE ENDOCRINE NEOPLASIA SYNDROMES (MEN)</b>	
Clinical presentation	3.1
Complications of surgery	3.2
Diagnosis and management	3.3
Genetics and screening	3.4
Indications and timing of prophylactic thyroid surgery	3.5
Indications and timing of therapeutic surgery	3.6
MEN syndromes	3.7
Natural history	3.8
Pathophysiology	3.9
Recurrent disease	3.10
Subclinical disease	3.11
<b>NECK SWELLINGS</b>	
Anatomy of triangles of neck	4.1
Differential diagnosis	4.2
History and examination of neck swellings	4.3
Investigation of neck swellings	4.4
<b>PARATHYROID</b>	
Anatomy / embryology	5.1
Causes of hyperparathyroidism	5.2
Complications of parathyroid surgery	5.3
Diagnosis and assessment	5.4
Genetic implication of parathyroid disease	5.5
Hypercalcaemia	5.6
Hypocalcaemia	5.7
Indications for and types of imaging	5.8
Indications for surgery in renal parathyroid disease	5.9
Intraoperative management	5.10
Options for and organisation of follow-up	5.11
Pathophysiology	5.12
Surgical strategies for hyperparathyroidism	5.13

<b>PANCREATIC ENDOCRINE</b>	
Anatomy of the pancreas	6.1
Pathophysiology of pancreatic endocrine tumours	6.2
Presentation of pancreatic neuroendocrine tumours	6.3
Treatment options	6.4
Complications of surgery	6.5
<b>THYROID</b>	
Anatomy	7.1
Benign disorders of thyroid growth	7.2
Complications of thyroid surgery	7.3
Disorders of thyroid function	7.4
Follow up and non surgical management / treatment of thyroid malignancy	7.5
Genetic implications of thyroid malignancy	7.6
Medical treatment of thyrotoxicosis	7.7
Pathophysiology of thyroid swellings	7.8
Principles of operation for thyroid swellings and thyrotoxicosis	7.9
Thyroid replacement therapy in benign disease	7.10
Thyroid malignancy	7.11
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
Choice of appropriate operation	8.1
Decisions for operative or non-operative management	8.2
Choice of operation	8.3
Diagnosis and management of recurrent thyroid disease	8.4
Benign	8.5
Malignant	8.6
MDT discussions	8.7
Follow up and multidisciplinary care	8.8
Clinical genetics	8.9
Endocrinology	8.10
History and examination	8.11
Indications for mediastinal exploration	8.12
Indications for surgery	8.13
Benign nodular disease	8.14
Malignancy	8.15
Thyroxinosis	8.16
Investigations	8.17
Autoantibodies	8.18
Biochemical	8.19
Cytology/histology	8.20
Genetic	8.21
FNA	8.22
Isotope scan	8.23
Radiological	8.24
Ultrasound	8.25
Thyroid function	8.26
Management of acute adrenal insufficiency	8.27
Management of at risk patients / families	8.28
Counselling	8.29
Endocrinologist	8.30
Genetics consultation	8.31

Management of post-operative complications	8.32
Diabetes	8.33
Indication for re-operation	8.34
Pancreatic leak / fistula	8.35
Metastatic disease management	8.36
Peri-operative management	8.37
Relevant to specific operation	8.38
Peri-operative management of functioning adrenal tumours	8.39
Peri-operative management of patients with functioning tumours	8.40
Post-operative complications	8.41
Airway problems	8.42
Bleeding	8.43
Hypocalcaemia	8.44
Post-operative management	8.45
Airway problems	8.46
Hypercalcaemia	8.47
Postoperative bleeding	8.48
Post-operative multidisciplinary follow up	8.49
Clinical genetics	8.50
Endocrinology	8.51
Selection for surgery	8.52
4 gland exploration	8.53
Unilateral neck exploration	8.54
Subtotal resection	8.55
Targeted parathyroidectomy	8.56
Transcervical thymectomy	8.57
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Ablation of hepatic tumour	9.1
Adrenalectomy	9.2
Biliary bypass	9.3
Biopsy - FNA	9.4
Cervical approach to retrosternal goitre	9.5
Cervical lymph node biopsy	9.6
Distal pancreatectomy	9.7
Including spleen preserving distal pancreate	9.8
Enucleation of pancreatic tumour	9.9
Left hepatectomy	9.10
Pancreatic surgery	9.11
May require joint care with pancreatic team	9.12
Pancreatico-duodenectomy*	9.13
Parathyroid surgery - reoperation	9.14
Parathyroidectomy	9.15
Right hepatectomy	9.16
Sternotomy for retrosternal goitre	9.17
Subtotal thyroidectomy	9.18
Thymectomy - transcervical approach	9.19
Thyroid / Lymph Node surgery - reoperation	9.20
Thyroid lobectomy	9.21
Thyroid surgery - reoperation	9.22
Thyroidectomy - toxic goitre	9.23
Total Thyroidectomy	9.24
Total thyroidectomy + cervical node dissection	9.25

Central and lateral node compartments	9.26
Transcervical thymectomy	9.27

2. Professional Behaviour & Leadership	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
History and examination	10
Infection control	11
Leadership	12
Legal framework for medical practise	13
Management and NHS structure	14
Medical consent	15
Medical error	16
Medical ethics and confidentiality	17
Patient as focus of care	18
Patient safety	18
Personal development	20
Promoting good health	21
Quality and safety improvement	22
Safe prescribing	23
Self awareness	24
Teaching skills	25
Team working	26
Time management & decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

3. Type of question	
<b>Basic Sciences</b>	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Research & statistics	18
Staging	19
Not elsewhere classified	20

4. ISCP Domains	
Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
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5. Bloom's Taxonomy	
Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3
6. Area of Interest	
Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3

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KNOWLEDGE: Multiple boxes can be selected	
CLINICAL SKILLS: Multiple boxes can be selected	
TECHNICAL SKILLS: Multiple boxes can be selected	
Section 2: Multiple boxes can be selected	
Section 3: <b>NOT applicable</b>	
Section 4: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
Section 5: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
Section 6: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (ELECTIVE and EMERGENCY)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>	<b>Consent Form</b>	
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ISCP Curriculum

<b>1. Key Topics</b>	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
<b>ABDOMINAL INJURIES</b>	2.1
<b>ABDOMINAL WALL MASSES</b>	
Haematoma	3.1
Sarcoma	3.2
Desmoid tumour	3.3
<b>ACUTE ABDOMEN</b>	
Assessment	4.1
Resuscitation	4.2
Management	4.3
<b>ACUTE APPENDICITIS</b>	5.1
<b>ACUTE GYNAECOLOGICAL DISEASE</b>	
Pelvic inflammatory disease	6.1
Endometriosis	6.2
Ovarian cyst	6.3
Ectopic pregnancy	6.4
Ovarian cancer	6.5
Iatrogenic injury	6.6
<b>ACUTE INTESTINAL OBSTRUCTION</b>	
Assessment	7.1
Resuscitation	7.2
Management	7.3
<b>BLUNT AND PENETRATING INJURIES</b>	
Closed thoracic injury	8.1
Penetrating thoracic injury	8.2
Closed abdominal injury	8.3
Penetrating abdominal injury	8.4
Soft tissue and skeletal injury	8.5
<b>ELECTIVE HERNIA</b>	
Inguinal hernia	9.1
Femoral hernia	9.2
Other abdominal wall herniae	9.3
<b>GASTROINTESTINAL BLEEDING</b>	
<b>Assessment</b>	10.1
Recognition of cause	10.2
Treatment	10.3
Complications	10.4
<b>GENETIC ASPECTS OF DISEASE</b>	
Endocrine	11.1
Breast	11.2
Colorectal	11.3
UpperGI/HPB	11.4
Clinical and molecular genetics	11.5
<b>LAPAROSCOPIC SURGERY</b>	
Technical aspects	12.1
Common complications	12.2
<b>LESIONS OF SKIN AND SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUES</b>	
Basal cell carcinoma	13.1
Benign skin lesions	13.2
Malignant melanoma	13.3
Squamous cell carcinoma	13.4
<b>NUTRITION</b>	
Malnutrition	14.1

Assessment	14.2
Enteral nutrition	14.3
Parenteral nutrition	14.4
<b>ONCOLOGY FOR SURGEONS</b>	
Epidemiology	15.1
Staging/treatment planning	15.2
Cancer biology	15.3
Tumour immunology	15.4
Principles of cancer treatment	15.5
Evaluation of cancer treatment	15.6
<b>OUTPATIENT SKILLS</b>	
Individual patient assessment	16.1
Manage outpatient clinic	16.2
<b>PERITONITIS</b>	17.1
<b>RETICULO-ENDOTHELIAL SYSTEM</b>	
Lymphadenopathy	18.1
Spleen	18.2
<b>STRANGULATED HERNIA</b>	19.1
<b>SUPERFICIAL SEPSIS INCLUDING NECROTISING INFECTIONS</b>	
Sebaceous cyst/carbuncle	20.1
Superficial abscess	20.2
Cellulitis	20.3
Infected IGTN/paronychia	20.4
Gas gangrene	20.5
Necrotising fasciitis	20.6
<b>VENOUS THROMBOSIS AND EMBOLISM</b>	
Coagulation	21.1
Thrombophilia	21.2
Prophylaxis	21.3
<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>	
Anatomy/Embryology	22.1
<i>Staging</i>	22.2
Complications	22.3
Diagnosis	22.4
<i>Indications for intervention</i>	22.5
<i>Treatment options</i>	22.6
Pathophysiology	22.7
<i>Aetiology</i>	22.8
<i>Clotting mechanism</i>	22.9
<i>Diabetes mellitus</i>	22.10
<i>Genetic changes</i>	22.11
<i>Hypovolaemic shock</i>	22.12
<i>Lymphoma</i>	22.13
<i>Microbiology</i>	22.14
<i>Natural history</i>	22.15
<i>Splenic conditions</i>	22.16
<i>Tumour markers</i>	22.17
Diagnosis	22.18
Indications for surgery	22.19
Treatment Options	22.20
<i>Antibiotics</i>	22.21
<i>Anticoagulation</i>	22.22
<i>Endoscopic procedures</i>	22.23
<i>Interventional radiology</i>	22.24
<i>Non-operative</i>	22.25
<i>Pulmonary embolectomy</i>	22.26
<i>Thrombolysis</i>	22.27

<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
DVT prophylaxis	23.1
Decision making	23.2
<i>Comorbidity assessment</i>	23.3
<i>Selection for surgery</i>	23.4
<i>Non surgical management</i>	23.5
<i>History and examination</i>	23.6
<i>Follow up</i>	23.7
<i>Investigation</i>	23.8
CT	23.9
CT Angiography	23.10
MRI	23.11
US	23.12
V/Q scan	23.13
Medical management	23.14
Resuscitation	23.15
Post-operative management/complications	23.16
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Abscess drainage	24.1
Appendicectomy	24.2
Central line insertion	24.3
Chest drain insertion	24.4
Colostomy construction	24.5
Control of laparoscopic bleeding	24.6
Debridement	24.7
Diagnostic gastroscopy	24.8
Diagnostic laparoscopy	24.9
Diagnostic peritoneal lavage	24.10
Distal pancreatectomy	24.11
Division of adhesions	24.12
Epigastric hernia repair	24.13
Femoral hernia repair	24.14
Flexible sigmoidoscopy	24.15
FNAC biopsy	24.16
Hartmann's procedure	24.17
IGTN	24.18
Ileostomy construction	24.19
Incisional hernia repair	24.20
Inguinal hernia repair	24.21
Laparoscopic suturing/knotting	24.22
Laparoscopy	24.23
Laparotomy	24.24
Laparotomy for trauma	24.25
Lateral thoracotomy	24.26
Liver biopsy	24.27
Liver trauma debridement/packing	24.28
Lymph-node biopsy	24.29
Malignant skin lesion excision biopsy	24.30
OP treatment of haemorrhoids	24.31
Perforated ulcer closure	24.32
Recurrent incisional hernia repair	24.33
Recurrent inguinal hernia repair	24.34
Repair internal hernia	24.35
Rigid sigmoidoscopy	24.36

Sigmoid colectomy	24.37
Small bowel resection	24.38
Splenectomy	24.39
Splenic repair/splenectomy	24.40
Umbilical/paraumbilical hernia repair	24.41

Professional	4
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5. Bloom's Taxonomy	
Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

2. Professional Behaviour & Leadership	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
History and examination	10
Infection control	11
Leadership	12
Legal framework for medical practise	13
Management and NHS structure	14
Medical consent	15
Medical error	16
Medical ethics and confidentiality	17
Patient as focus of care	18
Patient safety	19
Personal development	20
Promoting good health	21
Quality and safety improvement	22
Safe prescribing	23
Self awareness	24
Teaching skills	25
Team working	26
Time management and decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

6. Area of Interest	
Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3

INSTRUCTIONS:	
<b>Section 1:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected. If <b>PBLNSS</b> is selected then one or multiple ticks <b>MUST</b> be selected in Section 2.	
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS;</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>KNOWLEDGE;</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS;</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>Section 2:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>Section 3:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>Section 4:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
<b>Section 5:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
<b>Section 6:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	

3. Type of question	
Basic Sciences	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Research & statistics	18
Staging	19
Not elsewhere classified	20

4. ISCP Domains	
Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3



Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (CHILDHOOD)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>		<b>Consent Form</b>
<b>Structured Oral</b>	<b>Communication Skills</b>		<b>Electronic File Name:</b>
<b>Question Originator</b>			
<b>Quality Assuror</b>			
<b>Question Contributors</b>			

ISCP Curriculum

1. Key Topics	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
Abdominal pain	2.1
Abdominal wall conditions	2.2
Child with groin conditions	2.3
Child with vomiting	2.4
Constipation	2.5
Head and neck swellings	2.6
Intussusception	2.7
Nail & skin conditions	2.8
Trauma	2.9
Urological conditions	2.10
<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>	
Developmental anatomy	3.1
Diagnosis	3.2
Indications for surgery	3.3
Medical management	3.4
Natural history	3.5
Non-accidental injury	3.6
Outcomes of surgery	3.7
Pattern of symptoms	3.8
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
Assessment	4.1
Investigations	4.2
Resuscitation	4.3
Trauma survey	4.4
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Abscess drainage	5.1
Appendectomy	5.2
Central line insertion	5.3
Chest drain insertion	5.4
Circumcision	5.5
Epigastric hernia	5.6
IGTN	5.7
Inguinal hernia	5.8
Laparoscopy	5.9
Lymph node biopsy	5.10
Manual evacuation	5.11
Orchidopexy	5.12
Pyloromyotomy	5.13
Suprapubic catheter insertion	5.14
Testicular torsion	5.15
Treatment plan	5.16
Umbilical hernia	5.17

2. Professional Behaviour & Leadership	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
History and examination	10
Infection control	11
Leadership	12
Legal framework for medical practise	13
Management and NHS structure	14
Medical consent	15
Medical error	16
Medical ethics and confidentiality	17
Patient as focus of care	18
Patient safety	19
Personal development	20
Promoting good health	21
Quality and safety improvement	22
Safe prescribing	23
Self awareness	24
Teaching skills	25
Team working	26
Time management and decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

3. Type of question	
<b>Basic Sciences</b>	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Research & statistics	18
Staging	19
Not elsewhere classified	20

4. ISCP Domains	
Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
Professional	4

5. Bloom's Taxonomy	
Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

6. Area of Interest	
Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3

INSTRUCTIONS:	
Section 1: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected. If <b>PBLNSS</b> is selected then one or multiple ticks <b>MUST</b> be selected in Section 2.	
KNOWLEDGE; Multiple boxes can be selected	
CLINICAL SKILLS; Multiple boxes can be selected	
TECHNICAL SKILLS; Multiple boxes can be selected	
Section 2: Multiple boxes can be selected	
Section 3: Multiple boxes can be selected	
Section 4: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
Section 5: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
Section 6: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (MILITARY SURGERY)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>	<b>Consent Form</b>	
<b>Structured Oral</b>	<b>Communication Skills</b>	<b>Electronic File Name:</b>	
<b>Question Originator</b>			
<b>Quality Assuror</b>			
<b>Question Contributors</b>			

ISCP Curriculum

1. Key Topics	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
Airway management	2.1
Burns	2.2
Damage control surgery	2.3
Head injury	2.4
Trauma	2.5
Trauma surgery	2.6
<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>	
Caesarian section	3.1
Indications for amputation	3.2
Indications for surgery	3.3
Physiology	3.4
Safe transfer	3.5
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
Damage control surgery	4.1
Escharotomy	4.2
Tracheostomy	4.3
Trauma laparotomy	4.4
Trauma thoracotomy	4.5
Traumatised limbs	4.6
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Above knee amputation	5.1
Below knee amputation	5.2
Cricothyroidotomy	5.3
Tracheostomy	5.4
Trauma laparotomy	5.5
Trauma thoracotomy	5.6
Upper limb amputation	5.7

2. Professional Behaviour & Leadership	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
History and examination	10
Infection control	11
Leadership	12
Legal framework for medical practise	13
Management and NHS structure	14
Medical consent	15
Medical error	16
Medical ethics and confidentiality	17
Patient as focus of care	18
Patient safety	19
Personal development	20
Promoting good health	21
Quality and safety improvement	22
Safe prescribing	23
Self awareness	24
Teaching skills	25
Team working	26
Time management and decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

4. ISCP Domains	
Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
Professional	4

5. Bloom's Taxonomy	
Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

6. Area of Interest	
Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3

INSTRUCTIONS:	
Section 1: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected. If <b>PBLNSS</b> is selected then one or multiple ticks <b>MUST</b> be selected in Section 2.	
Section 2: Multiple boxes can be selected <b>KNOWLEDGE</b> ; Multiple boxes can be selected <b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b> ; Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b> ; Multiple boxes can be selected	
Section 3: Multiple boxes can be selected	
Section 4: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
Section 5: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	
Section 6: Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected	

3. Type of question	
<b>Basic sciences</b>	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Research & statistics	18
Staging	19
Not elsewhere classified	20

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (REMOTE AND RURAL SURGERY)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>	<b>Consent Form</b>	
<b>Structured Oral</b>	<b>Communication Skills</b>	<b>Electronic File Name:</b>	
<b>Question Originator</b>			
<b>Quality Assuror</b>			
<b>Question Contributors</b>			

ISCP Curriculum

<b>1. Key Topics</b>	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
Ophthalmology	2.1
Otolaryngology	2.2
Dental	2.3
Plastic surgery	2.4
Neurosurgery	2.5
<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>	
Anatomy	3.1
Foreign body	3.2
Infections	3.3
Glaucoma	3.4
Flash burns	3.5
Burns	3.6
Physiology	3.7
Indications for referral	3.8
Indications for surgical intervention	3.9
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
Examination	4.1
Slit lamp	4.2
Diagnosis	4.3
Removal foreign body	4.4
Epistaxis	4.5
Bleeding sockets	4.6
Dental abscess	4.7
Broken teeth	4.8
Assessment	4.9
Appropriate referral	4.10
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Skin graft	5.1
Burr hole/craniotomy	5.2

<b>2. Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership</b>	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
History and examination	10
Infection control	11
Leadership	12
Legal framework for medical practise	13
Management and NHS structure	14
Medical consent	15
Medical error	16
Medical ethics and confidentiality	17
Patient as focus of care	18
Patient safety	19
Personal development	20
Promoting good health	21
Quality and safety improvement	22
Safe prescribing	23
Self awareness	24
Teaching skills	25
Team working	26
Time management and decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

<b>3. Type of question</b>	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Research & statistics	18
Staging	19
Not elsewhere classified	20

<b>4. ISCP Domains</b>	
Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
Professional	4

<b>5. Bloom's Taxonomy</b>	
Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

<b>6. Area of Interest</b>	
Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

**Section 1:** Only **ONE** box to be selected. If **PBLNSS** is selected then one or multiple ticks **MUST** be selected in Section 2.

**KNOWLEDGE;** Multiple boxes can be selected

**CLINICAL SKILLS;** Multiple boxes can be selected

**TECHNICAL SKILLS;** Multiple boxes can be selected

**Section 2:** Multiple boxes can be selected

**Section 3:** Multiple boxes can be selected

**Section 4:** Only **ONE** box to be selected

**Section 5:** Only **ONE** box to be selected

**Section 6:** Only **ONE** box to be selected

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (TRANSPLANT)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>		<b>Consent Form</b>
<b>Structured Oral</b>	<b>Communication Skills</b>		<b>Electronic File Name:</b>
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<b>Quality Assuror</b>			
<b>Question Contributors</b>			

ISCP Curriculum

<b>1. Key Topics</b>	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
<b>ACCESS FOR DIALYSIS</b>	
<b>Preoperative and postoperative management</b>	
Cardiac function	2.1
Venous conduits	2.2
<b>Renal failure</b>	
Classification	3.1
Causes pathophysiology	3.2
Treatment options	3.3
<b>Renal dialysis</b>	
Access sites	4.1
Complications	4.2
Indications	4.3
Timing of access	4.4
Types of dialysis	4.5
<b>Vascular anatomy of upper and lower limbs</b>	5.1
<b>LIVER TRANSPLANTATION</b>	
<b>Acute and chronic liver failure</b>	
Causes	6.1
Complications	6.2
Pathophysiology	6.3
Treatment options	6.4
<b>Complications of liver transplantation</b>	
Management of complications	7.1
<b>Immunology</b>	
Immunosuppression	8.1
Rejection	8.2
<b>Indications and contraindications</b>	
Cadaveric and live liver donation	9.1
Liver transplant	9.2
<b>Liver anatomy</b>	
Anatomical variants	10.1
Surgical anatomy for splitting, reduction live donation	10.2
<b>Peri-operative management</b>	
<b>Pre-operative preparation and post-operative management</b>	10.4
<b>ORGAN RETRIEVAL</b>	
<b>Contraindications to organ donation</b>	11.1
<b>Criteria for brain stem death</b>	11.2
<b>Pathophysiology of brain stem death</b>	11.3
<b>Principles of donor management</b>	11.4
<b>Principles of organ preservation</b>	11.5
<b>Surgical anatomy of multi-organ retrieval</b>	11.6
<b>RENAL TRANSPLANTATION INCLUDING PAEDIATRIC</b>	

<b>Acute and chronic renal failure</b>	
Causes	12.1
Complications	12.2
Pathophysiology	12.3
Treatment options	12.4
<b>Immunology</b>	
Cytotoxic cross match	13.1
HLA matching	13.2
Immunosuppression	13.3
Rejection	13.4
<b>Implantation site</b>	14.1
<b>Indications and contraindications</b>	
Cadaveric and live kidney donation	15.1
Kidney transplantation	15.2
<b>Kidney anatomy and anomalies</b>	16.1
<b>Pre-operative and post-operative management</b>	17.1
<b>Post-operative care with paediatric nephrologist</b>	
Drug therapy	18.1
Fluid management	18.2
Renal biopsy	18.3
<b>PANCREATIC TRANSPLANTATION</b>	
<b>Anatomy of pancreas</b>	19.1
<b>Diabetes</b>	
Causes	20.1
Complications	20.2
Pathophysiology	20.3
Treatment options	20.4
<b>Immunology</b>	
Cytotoxic cross match	21.1
HLA match	21.2
Immunosuppression	21.3
Rejection	21.4
<b>Implantation site</b>	22.1
<b>Indications and contraindications for pancreatic donation</b>	23.1
<b>Indications and contraindications for transplant in diabetes</b>	
Kidney transplant alone	24.1
Pancreas transplant after kidney transplant	24.2
Pancreas transplant alone	24.3
Simultaneous kidney + pancreas transplant	24.4
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
Assess and manage donors - live and non-heart beating	25.1
Diagnose and treat complications	25.2
<i>Drug side effects</i>	25.3
<i>Infection</i>	25.4
<i>Liver biopsy</i>	25.5
<i>Recurrent disease</i>	25.6
<i>Rejection</i>	25.7
<i>Vascular, biliary</i>	25.8

Drug therapy	25.9
Fluid management	25.10
Identify access site	25.11
Multiple abdominal organ retrieval from cadaveric donors	25.12
Needling techniques	25.13
Post-operative care	25.14
Pre-op preparation including investigations	25.15
Post-operative complications	25.16
<i>Aneurysm</i>	25.17
<i>CAPD peritonitis incl. sclerosing peritonitis</i>	25.18
<i>Cardiac failure</i>	25.19
<i>Duct leaks</i>	25.20
<i>Haemorrhage</i>	25.21
<i>Infection</i>	25.22
<i>Pancreatitis</i>	25.23
<i>Rejection</i>	25.24
<i>Steal</i>	25.25
<i>Thrombosis</i>	25.26
<i>Ureteric</i>	25.27
<i>Vascular</i>	25.28
<i>Venous hypertension</i>	25.28
Post-operative investigations	25.30
PTFE Grafts - indications	25.31
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Access a-v fistula	26.1
Access secondary vascular	26.2
A-V fistula ligation	26.3
Construct a-v fistula	26.4
<i>Brachio-cephalic</i>	26.5
<i>Brachio-cephalic</i>	26.6
<i>Radio-cephalic</i>	26.7
Convert bladder drainage to enteric drainage	26.8
Insert and remove peritoneal catheters	26.9
Insert central venous dialysis catheter	26.10
<i>Tunnelled catheter</i>	26.11
Kidney transplant	26.12
<i>Donor: cadaver</i>	26.13
<i>Donor: live</i>	26.14
Liver transplant	26.15
<i>Donor - cadaveric hepatectomy</i>	26.16
<i>Part-caval anastomosis</i>	26.17
<i>Part-caval dissection+hepatic venous dissection</i>	26.18
<i>Part-donor liver reduction</i>	26.19
<i>Part-donor liver split</i>	26.20
<i>Part-duct-to-duct biliary anastomosis</i>	26.21
<i>Part-hepatic arterial conduit</i>	26.22
<i>Part-hepatic artery anastomosis</i>	26.23
<i>Part-implantation of donor liver</i>	26.24
<i>Part-porta hepatis dissection</i>	26.25
<i>Part-portal vein anastomosis+liver reperfusion</i>	26.26
<i>Part-portal venous conduit</i>	26.27

Technical skills Cont	
	26.28
<i>Part-Roux loop biliary anastomosis</i>	26.29
<i>Part-workbench preparation</i>	26.30
<i>Recipient hepatectomy</i>	26.31
Paediatric - cadaver kidney transplant	26.32
Paediatric live donor nephrectomy	26.33
Paediatric live donor transplant	26.34
Pancreatic transplant	26.35
<i>Donor pancreatectomy</i>	26.36
<i>Implant graft</i>	26.37

2. Professional Behaviour & Leadership	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
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Infection control	11
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Team working	26
Time management and decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

INSTRUCTIONS:	
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<b>KNOWLEDGE:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>Section 2:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>Section 3:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected	
<b>Section 4:</b> Only ONE box to be selected	
<b>Section 5:</b> Only ONE box to be selected	
<b>Section 6:</b> Only ONE box to be selected	

3. Type of question	
<b>Basic Sciences</b>	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Reserch & statistics	18
Staging	19
Not elsewhere classified	20

Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
Professional	4

Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3

Question number: <i>Office use</i>	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (UPPER GI &amp; HPB SURGERY)</b>		
<b>SBA</b>	<b>Clinical</b>	<b>Image attached</b>	
<b>EMI</b>	<b>Technical Skills</b>	<b>Consent Form</b>	
<b>Structured Oral</b>	<b>Communication Skills</b>	<b>Electronic File Name:</b>	
<b>Question Originator</b>			
<b>Quality Assuror</b>			
<b>Question Contributors</b>			

ISCP Curriculum

<b>1. Key Topics</b>	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	<b>1.1</b>
<b>OESOPHAGUS</b>	
<b>Achalasia</b>	<b>2.1</b>
<b>Boerhaave's perforation</b>	
Primary repair	<b>3.1</b>
<b>Carcinoma of the oesophagus</b>	
Anastomotic leak	<b>4.1</b>
Chylothorax	<b>4.2</b>
Dysphagia	<b>4.3</b>
Oesophageal and Oesophago-gastric junctional cancer; lymph node	<b>4.4</b>
Recurrent laryngeal nerve injury	<b>4.5</b>
<b>Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease</b>	
Acid or bile reflux	<b>5.1</b>
Antireflux surgery - open or laparoscopic	<b>5.2</b>
Barrett's metaplasia; stricture	<b>5.3</b>
Classification of oesophagitis	<b>5.4</b>
Lower third of oesophagus; oesophageal sphincter	<b>5.5</b>
Motility disorder	<b>5.6</b>
pH abnormalities	<b>5.7</b>
Postural changes	<b>5.8</b>
<b>Hiatus hernia</b>	
Para-oesophageal	<b>6.1</b>
Sliding	<b>6.2</b>
<b>Iatrogenic perforation</b>	
Oesophageal emergencies	<b>7.1</b>
Mediastinitis	<b>7.2</b>
Oesophagus and mediastinal relationships	<b>7.3</b>
Pleural drainage	<b>7.4</b>
Post-instrumentation	<b>7.5</b>
<b>Motility disorders</b>	<b>8.1</b>
<b>Oesophageal varices</b>	
Aetiology of portal hypertension	<b>9.1</b>
Endoscopic - injection, banding; Sengstaken tube	<b>9.2</b>
Endoscopic assessment	<b>9.3</b>
Oesophageal transection	<b>9.4</b>
Porto-caval shunt	<b>9.5</b>
Sclerotherapy	<b>9.6</b>
<b>Peptic stricture</b>	
Diagnosis and management of perforation	<b>10.1</b>
Differential diagnosis	<b>10.2</b>
Indications for dilatation	<b>10.3</b>
Physiology of reflux, pH, motility	<b>10.4</b>
<b>STOMACH</b>	
<b>Acute gastric dilation</b>	
Spontaneous; postsplenectomy	<b>11.1</b>
<b>Acute gastric perforation</b>	
Acute upper GI haemorrhage	<b>12.1</b>
Assessment of peritonitis	<b>12.2</b>
Duodenal ulcer	<b>12.3</b>

Perforated cancer	<b>12.4</b>
Perforated gastric ulcer	<b>12.5</b>
<b>Acute gastric haemorrhage</b>	
Benign disease	<b>13.1</b>
Malignant disease	<b>13.2</b>
Hypovolaemic shock	<b>13.3</b>
Vascular malformation	<b>13.4</b>
<b>Acute gastric volvulus</b>	
Para-oesophageal hernia	<b>14.1</b>
<b>Duodenal ulcer</b>	
<b>Gastric and duodenal polyps</b>	<b>15.1</b>
Incidental; bleeding	<b>16.1</b>
Adenoma; hamartoma; GIST; FAP	<b>16.2</b>
<b>Gastric carcinoma</b>	
Advanced gastric cancer	<b>17.1</b>
Arterial blood supply; Lymph node tiers	<b>17.2</b>
Early gastric cancer	<b>17.3</b>
<b>Gastric lymphoma</b>	
Extranodal lymphoma	<b>18.1</b>
MALToma	<b>18.2</b>
<b>Gastric ulcer</b>	<b>19.1</b>
<b>GIST</b>	<b>20.1</b>
<b>Morbid obesity</b>	<b>21.1</b>
<b>LIVER</b>	
<b>Benign and cystic tumours</b>	
Benign tumours	<b>22.1</b>
Complex cysts	<b>22.2</b>
Hydatid disease	<b>22.3</b>
Simple cysts	<b>22.4</b>
<b>Hilar tumours and gallbladder cancer</b>	
Incidental finding at cholecystectomy	<b>23.1</b>
Classification of hilar tumours	<b>23.2</b>
<b>Liver metastases</b>	
Segments of the liver	<b>24.1</b>
Liver function	<b>24.2</b>
Solitary; multiple; extrahepatic synchronous disease; colorectal; non-colorectal	<b>24.3</b>
Radiofrequency ablation	<b>24.4</b>
Resection	<b>24.5</b>
<b>Liver trauma</b>	
Blunt and penetrating injury	<b>25.1</b>
Laparotomy for haemoperitoneum	<b>25.2</b>
Segments of the liver	<b>25.3</b>
<b>Primary liver cancer</b>	
Hepatitis C	<b>26.1</b>
Differential diagnosis; HCC	<b>26.2</b>
<b>PANCREATOBILIARY</b>	
Acute pancreatitis	<b>27.1A</b>
Severity of pancreatitis - scoring system	<b>27.1</b>
<b>Chronic pancreatitis</b>	<b>28.1</b>
<b>Cystic tumours</b>	<b>29.1</b>
<b>Gallstone disease</b>	<b>30.1</b>

<b>Intraductal papillary mucinous neoplasms</b>	
IPMN	<b>31.1</b>
<b>Neuroendocrine tumours</b>	
Endocrine tumours	<b>32.1</b>
Functioning; Non-functioning	<b>32.2</b>
Pancreatic endocrine tumours	<b>32.3</b>
Symptoms of functioning tumour	<b>32.4</b>
<b>Pancreatic trauma</b>	
Blunt and abdominal injury	<b>33.1</b>
<b>Pancreatic cancer / periampullary cancer</b>	
Adenocarcinoma pancreas	<b>34.1</b>
Ampullary	<b>34.2</b>
<b>SURGICAL NUTRITION</b>	
Assessment of nutritional status	<b>35.1</b>
Methods of nutritional support	<b>35.2</b>
<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>	
Anatomy	<b>36.1</b>
<i>Staging - TNM</i>	<b>36.2</b>
Clinical presentation	<b>36.3</b>
<i>Incidental</i>	<b>36.4</b>
<i>Upper GI bleed</i>	<b>36.5</b>
Complications	<b>36.6</b>
<i>Acute cholecystitis</i>	<b>36.7</b>
<i>Acute pancreatitis</i>	<b>36.8</b>
<i>Bleeding</i>	<b>36.9</b>
<i>Bile duct injury</i>	<b>36.10</b>
<i>Child's classification of liver disease</i>	<b>36.11</b>
<i>Chronic cholecystitis</i>	<b>36.12</b>
<i>Common bile duct stone</i>	<b>36.13</b>
<i>Empyema</i>	<b>36.14</b>
<i>Gall bladder cancer</i>	<b>36.15</b>
<i>Gall stone ileus</i>	<b>36.16</b>
<i>Gastric necrosis</i>	<b>36.17</b>
<i>Haemobilia</i>	<b>36.18</b>
<i>Incarceration</i>	<b>36.19</b>
<i>Malignant change</i>	<b>36.20</b>
<i>Mucocoele</i>	<b>36.21</b>
<i>Pancreatic fistula</i>	<b>36.22</b>
<i>Perforation</i>	<b>36.23</b>
<i>Pyloric stenosis</i>	<b>36.24</b>
<i>Subphrenic abscess</i>	<b>36.25</b>
Diagnosis	<b>36.26</b>
Indications for surgery	<b>36.27</b>
Pathology	<b>36.28</b>
Pathophysiology	<b>36.29</b>
<i>Aetiology</i>	<b>36.30</b>
Treatment options	<b>36.31</b>
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
Chemotherapy	<b>37.1</b>
Chemoradiotherapy	<b>37.2</b>
Decision making	<b>37.3</b>
<i>Comorbidity assesment</i>	<b>37.4</b>
<i>Nutritional assesment</i>	<b>37.5</b>
Follow up	<b>37.6</b>
History and Examination	<b>37.7</b>
Interventional options	<b>37.8</b>
<i>Extended lymphadenectomy</i>	<b>37.9</b>

<i>Resectional</i>	<b>37.10</b>
Investigation	<b>37.11</b>
<i>Biopsy</i>	<b>37.12</b>
<i>Contrast radiology</i>	<b>37.13</b>
<i>CT</i>	<b>37.14</b>
<i>Endoscopic ultrasound</i>	<b>37.15</b>
<i>Endoscopy</i>	<b>37.16</b>
<i>EUS</i>	<b>37.17</b>
<i>Lap chole</i>	<b>37.18</b>
<i>Laparoscopy</i>	<b>37.19</b>
<i>Manometry</i>	<b>37.20</b>
<i>MRCP</i>	<b>37.21</b>
<i>OGD</i>	<b>37.22</b>
<i>OGD &amp; polypectomy</i>	<b>37.23</b>
<i>PET-CT</i>	<b>37.24</b>
<i>pH studies</i>	<b>37.25</b>
Medical management	<b>37.26</b>
<i>Helicobacter eradication</i>	<b>37.27</b>
Non operative options/management/treatment	<b>37.28</b>
<i>Injection sclerotherapy</i>	<b>37.29</b>
<i>Medical management</i>	<b>37.30</b>
<i>Naso-gastric aspiration</i>	<b>37.31</b>
<i>Pain control</i>	<b>37.32</b>
<i>Palliative treatment</i>	<b>37.33</b>
<i>Posture</i>	<b>37.34</b>
<i>Weight loss</i>	<b>37.35</b>
Operative options	<b>37.36</b>
<i>Endoscopic reduction</i>	<b>37.37</b>
<i>Excision</i>	<b>37.38</b>
<i>Resection</i>	<b>37.39</b>
<i>Urgent or delayed surgery</i>	<b>37.40</b>
Postoperative management	<b>37.41</b>
<i>Anastomotic leak</i>	<b>37.42</b>
<i>Duodenal stump disruption</i>	<b>37.43</b>
<i>Nutritional support</i>	<b>37.44</b>
<i>Pancreatic fistula</i>	<b>37.45</b>
Radiotherapy	<b>37.46</b>
Resuscitation	<b>37.47</b>
<i>Fluid resuscitation</i>	<b>37.48</b>

<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Antireflux surgery	<b>38.1</b>
Balloon tamponade	<b>38.2</b>
Biliary bypass	<b>38.3</b>
Central liver resection	<b>38.4</b>
Cholecystectomy	<b>38.5</b>
D2 Subtotal gastrectomy	<b>38.6</b>
D2 Total gastrectomy	<b>38.7</b>
Debridement & hepatectomy	<b>38.8</b>
Distal pancreatectomy	<b>38.9</b>
EMR	<b>38.10</b>
Endoscopic botox injection	<b>38.11</b>
Endoscopic dilation	<b>38.12</b>
Endoscopic excision	<b>38.13</b>
Endoscopic interventions incl stent	<b>38.14</b>
Endoscopic palliation incl stenting	<b>38.15</b>
Endoscopy	<b>38.16</b>
Enucleation	<b>38.17</b>
ERCP	<b>38.18</b>
Exploration CBD	<b>38.19</b>
Extended hepatectomy	<b>38.20</b>
Fenestration	<b>38.21</b>
Gastroenterostomy	<b>38.22</b>
Gastrojejunostomy	<b>38.23</b>
Gastrotomy + non-resectional treatment	<b>38.24</b>
Hepatic artery lymphadenectomy	<b>38.25</b>
Hepaticoducho-jejunostomy	<b>38.26</b>
Laparoscopic cardiomyotomy	<b>38.27</b>
Laparoscopic repair	<b>38.28</b>
Laparoscopy	<b>38.29</b>
Liver resection	<b>38.30</b>

Local treatment, ulcer excision	<b>38.31</b>
Local treatment, ulcer underrun/oversew	<b>38.32</b>
Major hepatectomy	<b>38.33</b>
MIO	<b>38.34</b>
Necrosectomy	<b>38.35</b>
Oesophageal dilatation	<b>38.36</b>
Oesophagectomy	<b>38.37</b>
Open Oesophagogastrectomy	<b>38.38</b>
Open repair	<b>38.39</b>
Palliative gastrectomy	<b>38.40</b>
Pancreaticoduodenectomy	<b>38.41</b>
Pancreaticojejunostomy	<b>38.42</b>
Partial gastrectomy	<b>38.43</b>
Peripheral wedge or segmental resection	<b>38.44</b>
Pseudocyst drainage	<b>38.45</b>
Revisional antireflux surgery	<b>38.46</b>
Salvage surgery eg packing	<b>38.47</b>
Thoracotomy + lavage	<b>38.48</b>
Thoracotomy + non-resectional management	<b>38.49</b>
Total gastrectomy	<b>38.50</b>
Vagotomy and pyloroplasty	<b>38.51</b>
Variceal injection	<b>38.52</b>
<b>TECHNICAL SKILL – MORBID OBESITY</b>	
Aspiration of lap band port	<b>39.1</b>
Emergency release of lap band for slippage	<b>39.2</b>
General Surgery for the super morbidly obese patient	<b>39.3</b>
Insertion of lap band	<b>39.4</b>
Laparoscopic access in the morbidly obese	<b>39.5</b>
Repair of internal hernia after gastric bypass	<b>39.6</b>
Revisional gastric surgery for obesity	<b>39.7</b>
Roux en Y gastric bypass	<b>39.8</b>

<b>2. Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership</b>	
Acting with integrity	<b>1</b>
Assessment of teaching	<b>2</b>
Audit	<b>3</b>
Breaking bad news	<b>4</b>
Clinical reasoning	<b>5</b>
Communicate with patients	<b>6</b>
Communication with colleagues	<b>7</b>
Ethical research	<b>8</b>
Evidence and guidelines	<b>9</b>
History and examination	<b>10</b>
Infection control	<b>11</b>
Leadership	<b>12</b>
Legal framework for medical practise	<b>13</b>
Management and NHS structure	<b>14</b>
Medical consent	<b>15</b>
Medical error	<b>16</b>
Medical ethics and confidentiality	<b>17</b>
Patient as focus of care	<b>18</b>
Patient safety	<b>19</b>
Personal development	<b>20</b>
Promoting good health	<b>21</b>
Quality and safety improvement	<b>22</b>
Safe prescribing	<b>23</b>
Self awareness	<b>24</b>
Teaching skills	<b>25</b>
Team working	<b>26</b>
Time management and decision making	<b>27</b>
Training skills	<b>28</b>
Not applicable	<b>29</b>

<b>3. Type of question</b>	
<b>Basic Sciences</b>	
Anatomy	<b>1</b>
Data Interpretation & Statistics	<b>2</b>
Embryology	<b>3</b>
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	<b>4</b>
Guidelines	<b>5</b>
Imaging	<b>6</b>
Immunology	<b>7</b>
Materials & Technology	<b>8</b>
Microbiology	<b>9</b>
Nutrition	<b>10</b>
Pathology	<b>11</b>
Patient assessment	<b>12</b>
Patient management	<b>13</b>
Pharmacology	<b>14</b>
Physiology	<b>15</b>
Professional skills	<b>16</b>
Public Health & Epidemiology	<b>17</b>
Research & statistics	<b>18</b>
Staging	<b>19</b>
Not elsewhere classified	<b>20</b>

<b>4. ISCP Domains</b>	
Knowledge	<b>1</b>
Judgement	<b>2</b>
Technique	<b>3</b>
Professional	<b>4</b>

<b>5. Bloom's Taxonomy</b>	
Knowledge & Comprehension	<b>1</b>
Application & Analysis	<b>2</b>
Synthesis & evaluation	<b>3</b>

<b>6. Area of Interest</b>	
Generality of the Specialty	<b>1</b>
Sub specialty	<b>2</b>
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	<b>3</b>

<b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b>	
<b>Section 1: Only ONE box to be selected. If PBLNSS is selected then one or multiple ticks MUST be selected in Section 2.</b>	
<b>KNOWLEDGE: Multiple boxes can be selected</b>	
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS: Multiple boxes can be selected</b>	
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS: Multiple boxes can be selected</b>	
<b>Section 2: Multiple boxes can be selected</b>	
<b>Section 3: Multiple boxes can be selected</b>	
<b>Section 4: Only ONE box to be selected</b>	
<b>Section 5: Only ONE box to be selected</b>	
<b>Section 6: Only ONE box to be selected</b>	

Question number: Office use	<b>GENERAL SURGERY (VASCULAR)</b>		
SBA	Clinical	Image attached	
EMI	Technical Skills	Consent Form	
Structured Oral	Communication Skills	Electronic File Name:	
Question Originator			
Quality Assuror			
Question Contributors			

ISCP Curriculum

1. Key Topics

<b>1. Key Topics</b>	
<b>Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership (non- specialty specific) - (PBLnss) if selected go to section 2</b>	1.1
<b>SUPERFICIAL VENOUS DISEASE</b>	
Primary varicose veins	2.1
Recurrent varicose veins	2.2
<b>DEEP VENOUS DISEASE</b>	
Deep vein thrombosis	3.1
Chronic deep venous insufficiency	3.2
<b>ACUTE ISCHAEMIA</b>	
Embolism	4.1
Thrombosis	4.2
Trauma	4.3
Iatrogenic	4.4
Embolectomy	4.5
Thrombolysis	4.6
Primary amputation	4.7
<b>CHRONIC ISCHAEMIA</b>	
Peripheral arterial disease	5.1
Cystic adventitial disease	5.2
Popliteal entrapment	5.3
Buerger's disease	5.4
Autoimmune vasculitis	5.5
Indications for amputation	5.6
<b>UPPER LIMB ISCHAEMIA</b>	
Thoracic outlet	6.1
Acute upper limb ischaemia	6.2
Chronic upper limb ischaemia	6.3
Raynaud's phenomenon	6.4
<b>ANEURYSMAL DISEASE</b>	
Aortic aneurysm	7.1
Ruptured aortic aneurysm	7.2
Popliteal aneurysm	7.3
Carotid aneurysm	7.4
Visceral aneurysm	7.5
Thoracoabdominal aneurysm	7.6
Aortic dissection	7.7
False aneurysm	7.8
<b>VASCULAR ACCESS</b>	
Methods of vascular access	8.1
<b>RENAL VASCULAR DISEASE</b>	
Renal artery disease	9.1
<b>CAROTID ARTERY DISEASE</b>	
TIA/Stroke	10.1
Carotid body tumour	10.2
Carotid dissection	10.3
Carotid trauma	10.4
<b>MESENTERIC VASCULAR OCCLUSION</b>	
Mesenteric ischaemia	11.1
<b>VASCULAR TRAUMA</b>	
Arterial injury	12.1
Venous injury	12.2
<b>HYPERHIDROSIS</b>	13.1
<b>LYMPHOEDEMA</b>	14.1
<b>INTERVENTIONAL RADIOLOGY</b>	14.2

<b>KNOWLEDGE</b>	
Anatomy/Embryology	15.1
Arterial system	15.2
Venous system	15.3
Complications	15.4
Lipodermatosclerosis	15.5
Recurrence of varicose veins	15.6
Diagnosis	15.7
Treatment options	15.8
Indications for intervention	15.9
Amputation level selection	15.10
Pathophysiology	15.11
Aetiology	15.12
Compartment syndrome	15.13
Diabetes and arterial disease	15.14
Epidemiology of tobacco smoking	15.15
Lipodermatosclerosis	15.16
Pathology of aneurysm formation	15.17
Pathology of atherosclerosis	15.18
Pathophysiology of DVT	15.19
Physiology of A-V fistulae	15.20
Prophylaxis of DVT	15.21
Rhabdomyolysis	15.22
Risk factor management	15.23
Diagnosis	15.24
Indications for surgery	15.25
Treatment Options	15.26
<b>CLINICAL SKILLS</b>	
DVT prophylaxis	16.1
Decision making	16.2
Comorbidity assessment	16.3
Non surgical management	16.4
Selection for surgery	16.5
History and examination	16.6
Follow up	16.7
Investigation	16.8
ABPI	16.9
Angiography	16.10
Arterial duplex	16.11
CT	16.12
ECHO	16.13
MRI	16.14
CPEX	16.15
Venography	16.16
Venous duplex	16.17
Medical management	16.18
Resuscitation	16.19
Post-operative management/complications	16.20
Aorto-enteric fistula	16.21
Colonic ischaemia	16.22
Endoleak	16.23
Graft infection	16.24
Graft surveillance	16.25
Wound seroma	16.26
<b>TECHNICAL SKILLS</b>	
Above knee fem-pop bypass	17.1
Angioplasty for mesenteric ischaemia	17.2
Angioplasty/Stenting	17.3
Aorto-iliac and femoral bypass	17.4a
Arterial puncture	17.4b

Axillary Botox	17.5
Basilic vein transposition	17.6
Below knee fem-pop bypass	17.7
17.8 Brachial embolectomy	17.8
Brac17.9 hio-cephalic fistula	17.9
Bypass for upper limb ischaemia	17.10
Carotid endarterectomy	17.11
Carotid stenting	17.12
Digital amputations	17.13
Distal bypass	17.14
Embolectomy	17.15
Endovenous management	17.16
EVAR	17.17
Exposure of aorta/iliac/femoral artery	17.18
Exposure of popliteal and tibial vessels	17.19
Extra-anatomic bypass	17.20
Fasciotomy	17.21
Femoral endarterectomy/patch angioplasty	17.22
Foam sclerotherapy	17.23
Knee disarticulation	17.24
Loop graft for vascular access	17.25
Mesenteric revascularisation	17.26
Open infrarenal AAA repair	17.27
Open supra-renal AAA repair	17.28
Primary vein surgery	17.29
Recurrent vein surgery	17.30
Revision of vascular access	17.31
Surgery for deep venous insufficiency	17.32
Surgery for renal artery disease	17.33
Surgery for thoracic outlet syndrome	17.34
Thoracoscopic sympathectomy	17.35
Trans femoral amputation	17.36
Transmetatarsal amputation	17.37
Transtibial amputation	17.38
Vascular access fistula	17.39
Vein cuff/patch	17.40
Venous puncture	17.41



<b>2. Professional Behaviour &amp; Leadership</b>	
Acting with integrity	1
Assessment of teaching	2
Audit	3
Breaking bad news	4
Clinical reasoning	5
Communicate with patients	6
Communication with colleagues	7
Ethical research	8
Evidence and guidelines	9
History and examination	10
Infection control	11
Leadership	12
Legal framework for medical practise	13
Management and NHS structure	14
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Quality and safety improvement	22
Safe prescribing	23
Self awareness	24
Teaching skills	25
Team working	26
Time management and decision making	27
Training skills	28
Not applicable	29

<b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b>
<b>Section 1:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected. If <b>PBLNSS</b> is selected then one or multiple ticks <b>MUST</b> be selected in Section 2.
<b>Section 2:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected
<b>Section 3:</b> Multiple boxes can be selected
<b>Section 4:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected
<b>Section 5:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected
<b>Section 6:</b> Only <b>ONE</b> box to be selected

### 3. Type of question

Basic Sciences	
Anatomy	1
Data Interpretation & Statistics	2
Embryology	3
Endocrine & Metabolic Disorders	4
Guidelines	5
Imaging	6
Immunology	7
Materials & Technology	8
Microbiology	9
Nutrition	10
Pathology	11
Patient assessment	12
Patient management	13
Pharmacology	14
Physiology	15
Professional skills	16
Public Health & Epidemiology	17
Staging	18
Not elsewhere classified	19

### 4. ISCP Domains

Knowledge	1
Judgement	2
Technique	3
Professional	4

### 5. Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge & Comprehension	1
Application & Analysis	2
Synthesis & evaluation	3

### 6. Area of Interest

Generality of the Specialty	1
Sub specialty	2
Generic – Applicable to all specialties	3